in the opinion of many, is but a modification of the latter game as brought hither by the first French colonists of America.

Crosse (in modern phrase, "lacrosse") has been the national game of Canada since 1859—adopted from the Indian game, with modifications and improvements which have rendered it less dangerous and more scientific. For description and history of the modern game, see Lowe's "Lacrosse," in Athletic Sports in America, England, and Australia (Phila., 1889), pp. 519-543. The earlier form of the game, as played by the Indians, is described by one of their own race, George Copway, in his Traditional History of the Ojibway Nation (London, 1850), pp. 42-47. Cf. Hoffman's account of this sport among the Menomonees, in Bur. Ethn. Rep., 1892-93, pp. 127-136; and Mooney's, among the Cherokees, in Amer. Anthrop., vol. iii., pp. 105-132.

A game of ball was made, by stratagem, the opportunity for the capture of old Fort Mackinac from the English, during the Pontiac

uprising (June 4, 1763).

20 (p. 203).—Angwiens (also written Angoutenc) was the nearest of all the towns to the capital, Ossossané, and was situated on the trail leading thence to the mission towns in northern Tiny. In 1636, Angwiens was but newly laid out.—A. F. Hunter.

- 21 (p. 219).—Concerning the use of tobacco, see vol. vi., note 25. Much curious information about this plant, and its history, culture, use, manufacture, and commerce, is given in Tatham's Essay on Tobacco (London, 1800); Billings's Tobacco (Hartford, 1875); and Fairholt's Tobacco (London, 1876). For bibliography of the subject, see Bragge's Bibliotheca nicotiana (Birmingham, Eng., 1880).
 - 22 (p. 235). Arendoronnons: see vol. viii., note 24.
- 23 (p. 285).—The village of Aronté (where was established the mission of Ste. Madeleine) is located by Du Creux's map on the west shore of Tiny township, near Dault's Bay. Taché seems to have regarded it as farther inland, although Du Creux's location corresponds much better with the references in the text. Remains of sites have been found, however, agreeing with both positions cited.—A. F. Hunter.